

# Hunger and Food Security in Northern Ghana

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## **Definition of Food Security**

- "Food security exists when all people, at all times, have physical and economic access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food to meet their dietary needs and food preferences for an active and healthy life".
  - Definition adopted at the
  - 1996 World Food Summit



## **Pillars of Food Security**

Source: Global Nutrition Cluster, seen March 1<sup>st</sup>, 2016





## Three pillars of food security

- Availability: food production, food imports, etc
- Access: household food production, reserves, family income, solidarity mechanisms, barter, etc
- Utilization: food health situation (diarrhoea, malaria, AIDS), food storage and cooking practices, fuel, age related needs, etc



# **Household Hunger** PBS 2015 used the **Household Hunger Scale** (HHS) to determine the proportion of Households **experiencing Hunger**



## What is HHS?

Simple tool composed of three questions about experiences common in households experiencing food deprivation:

- In the past [4 weeks/30 days]...
- ...was there ever no food to eat of any kind in your household because of lack of resources to get food?
- ...did you or any household member go to sleep at night hungry because there was not enough food?
- ...did you or any household member go a whole day and night without eating anything at all because there was not enough food?



# What is the HHS? cont. If yes, respondent was asked how often this occurred in the past 4 weeks/30 days

- Rarely (1-2 times)
- Sometimes (3-10 times)
- Often (more than 10 times



# What is the HHS? cont

Responses scored:

- No = 0
- Rarely or Sometimes = 1
- Often = 2
- Categorical variable created using scale score
- 0-1 = Little to no household hunger
- 2-3 = **Moderate** household hunger
- 4-6 = **Severe** household hunger



## Proportion of Household experiencing Hunger by gender and HH size

	Little to no			
Characteristic	hunger	Moderate hunger	Severe hunger	n
All households	70	28	2	3058
Gendered household type				
Male and female adults	71	27	2	2668
Female adult(s)	11	21	2	2000
only	63	32	5	216
Male adult(s) only	75	23	2	140
Household size				
Small (1-5				
members)	74	24	2	1399
Medium (6-10				
members)	66	32	2	1351
Large (11+				
members)	69	30	1	308

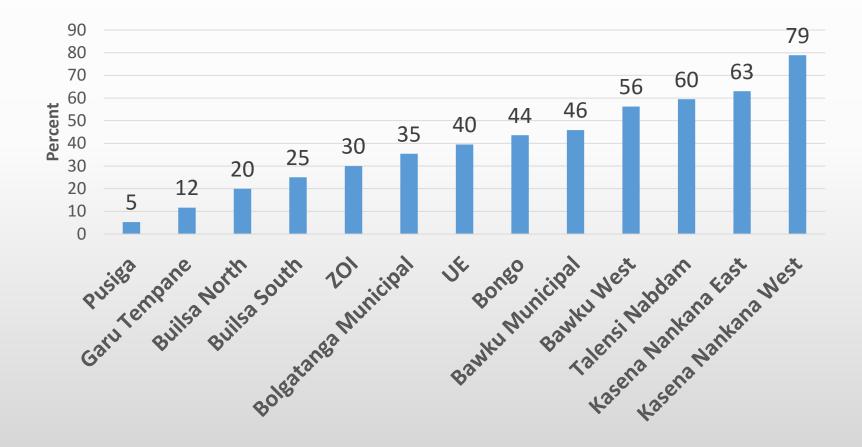


### Proportion of Household experiencing hunger by Education and Regions

1941
437
680
303
2011
429
315



## **HH Hunger for districts**





Women's minimum dietary diversity (MDD-W)

Achievement of women's minimum dietary diversity is defined as having consumed foods from at least five of the 10 food groups in the past 24 hours. Thus this indicator is a dichotomous variable, and the measure is reported as the percentage of women who achieve a minimum dietary diversity.



#### The MDD-W food groups

The Feed the Future MDD-W indicator is a new measure introduced in the interim assessments and uses the following 10 food groups:

- 1. Grains, roots, and tubers;
- 2. Legumes and beans;
- 3. Nuts and seeds;
- 4. Dairy products;
- 5. Eggs;
- 6. Flesh foods, including organ meat and miscellaneous small animal protein;
- 7. Vitamin A-rich dark green leafy vegetables;
- 8. Other vitamin A-rich vegetables and fruits;
- 9. Other fruits; and
- 10. Other vegetables.



Proportion of women achieving MDD-W out of TEN foods by age group Characteristic Percent n

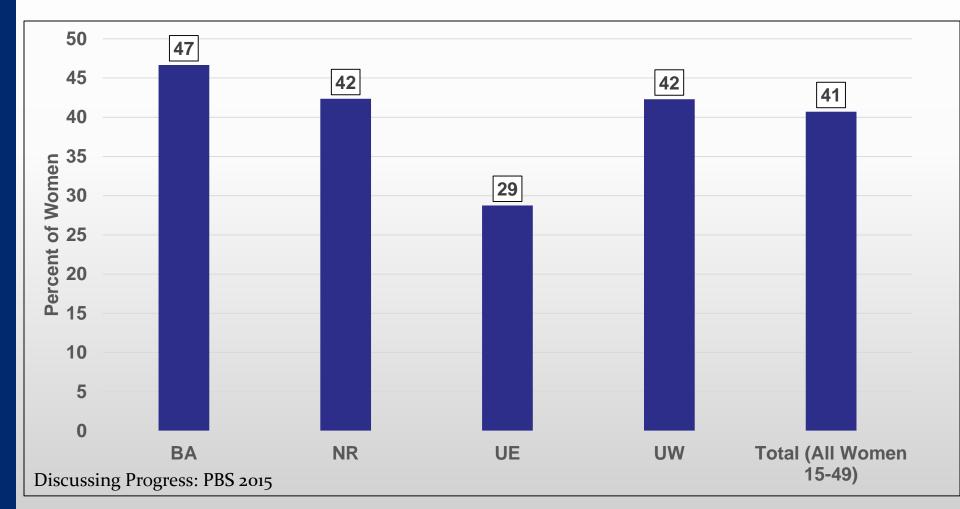
Characteristic	reiceill	11
All Women 15-49	40.7	3,292
Age	group	
15-19	44.5	517
20-24	46.5	472
25-29	42.0	583
30-34	39.1	556
35-39	37.2	519
40-44	38.7	391
45-49	33.3	254



MDD-W out of ten foods by household characteristics			
Characteristics	Percent	n	
Educational attainment			
No education	34.7	1,987	
Primary	43.6	549	
Secondary or more	51.9	756	
Gendered household type			
Male and female adults	41.0	3,089	
Female adult(s) only	36.7	178	
Male adult(s) only	19.8	16	
Hous	ehold size		
Small (1-5 members)	42.0	970	
Medium (6-10 members)	40.0	1,642	
Large (11+ members)	40.6	680	
Household hunger level			
Little to no hunger	46.1	2,290	
Moderate or severe hunger	29.5	914	
Discussing Progress: PBS 2015			

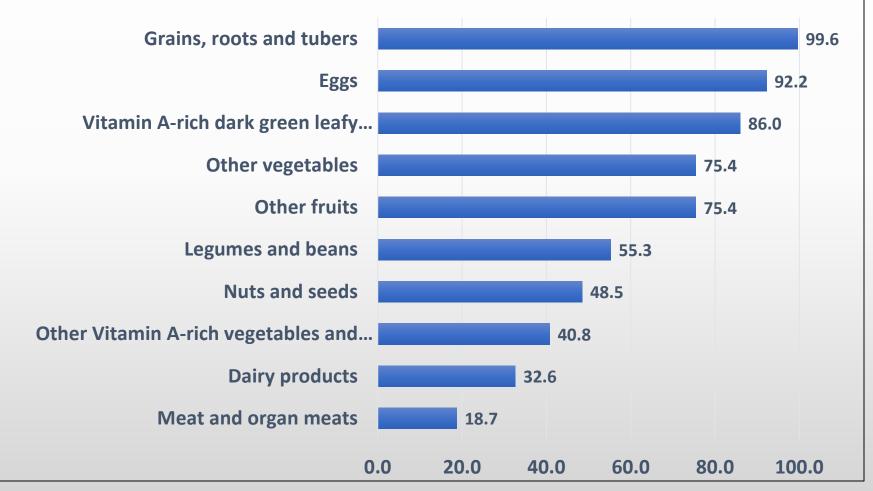


# Proportion of Women Achieving Minimum Dietary Diversity by Region



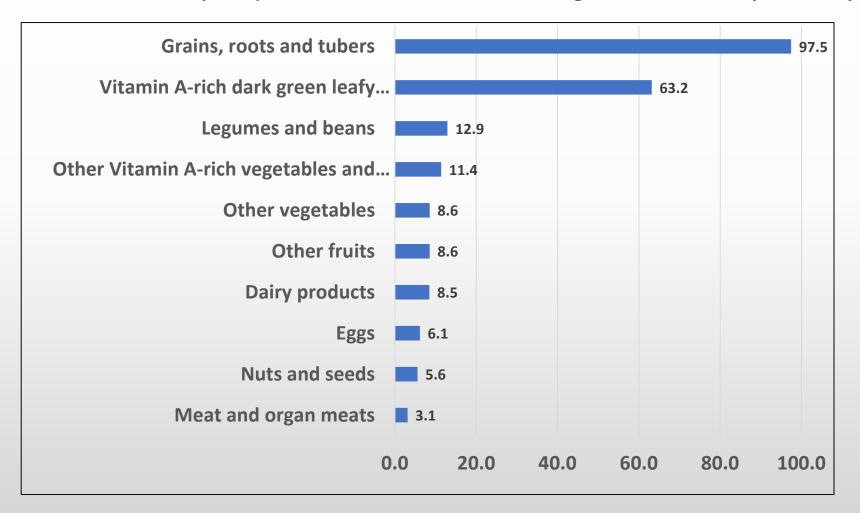


#### Foods eaten by Proportion of Women Achieving Minimum Dietary Diversity





#### Foods eaten by Proportion of Women Not Achieving Minimum Dietary Diversity





## Women's Dietary Diversity Score (WDDS)

- The WDDS indicator is based on TEN food groups and measures the extent to which a woman consumes foods from these food groups.
- WDDS, hence, ranges from 0 to 10.
- A minimum dietary diversity is achieved when a woman consumes at least FIVE food groups out of the 10.



σ

 $\mathbf{D}$ 

### DDS (All women 15-49 years old) out of 10 food groups by age

Characteristic	Mean	n
All women 15-49	3.7	3292
Age		
15-19	3.7	517
20-24	3.9	472
25-29	3.7	583
30-34	3.7	556
35-39	3.6	519
40-44	3.6	391
45-49	3.4	254
Brong Ahafo	3.7	290
Northern	3.8	2265
Upper East	3.2	412
Upper West	3.6	325
Discussing Progress: PBS 2015		



Women's dietary diversity score by household characteristics			
Level of educational attainment			
	Mean	n	
No education	3.5	1987	
Primary	3.7	549	
Secondary or more	4.1	756	
Gendered household type			
Male and female adults	3.7	3089	
Female adult(s) only	3.5	178	
Male adult(s) only	2.9	16	
	Household size		
Small (1-5 members)	3.7	970	
Medium (6-10 members)	3.6	1642	
Large (11+ members)	3.9	680	
Household hunger			
Little to no hunger	3.9	2290	
Moderate or severe hunger	3.2	914	
Discussing Drograms, DDC			



## **Consumption of nutrient-rich foods**

- The interim assessment measured the degree to which respondents in the ZOI are consuming nutrient-rich commodities (NRVCC).
- There are three criteria for a food commodity to be considered an NRVCC



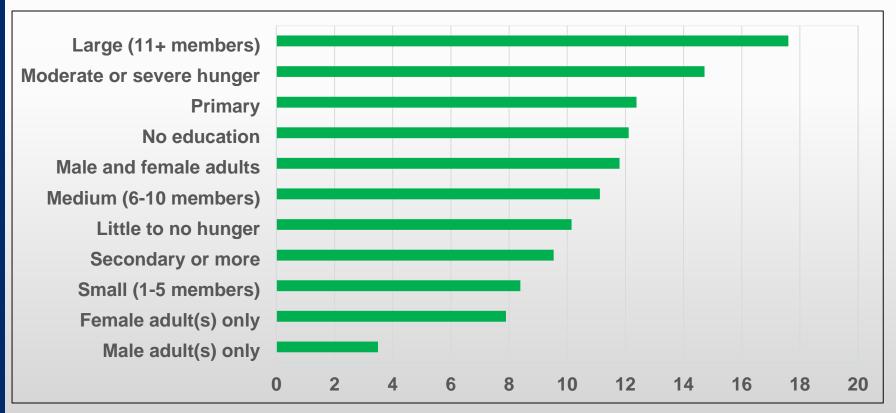
### Percent of Women consuming soybean by age group

Characteristic	Soya beans	n
All Women 15-49	11.5	3328
Age		
15-19	12.94	522
20-24	8.03	478
25-29	11.33	585
30-34	11.71	569
35-39	12.64	521
40-44	13.42	396
<b>45-49</b> Discussing Progress: PBS 2015	9.96	257



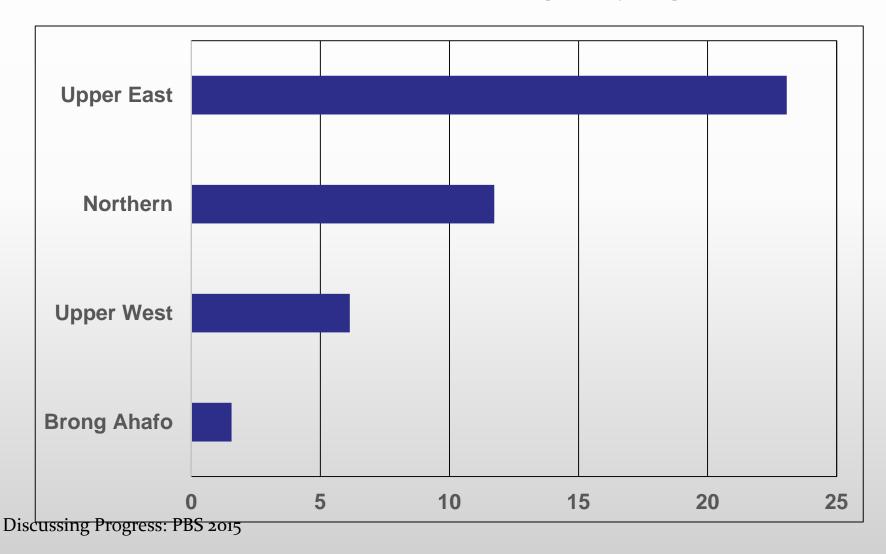
#### Proportion of women consuming soybean by characteristics

#### Percent of omen consuming soybean





### Proportion of women consuming SB by Region





# Thank you very much